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**1.SPECIFICATIONS:** Sealed Ni-MH Prismatic Battery cell Type 7/5F6 Size F6(HF 18/07/68) Model 1.2V **Nominal Voltage** 1400mAh **Nominal Capacity** Typical Internal Impedance(at 1 kHz)  $35m\Omega$ (fully charged at 20°C Max) 26.5g **Average Weight** Dimensions(including PVC tube) 67.0<sup>-1.0</sup>mm Height(h) Width(w): 17.0<sup>-1.0</sup>mm 6.1<sup>-0.7</sup>mm Thickness(t): Capacity (20°C, Standard Charge, 0.2 ItA discharge to 1.0V) **Typical Capacity:** 1450mAh 1350mAh Minimum Capacity Charging Method:(20°C) **Standard Charge:** Charge with 0.1  $I_tA$  (140mA) for 12~14 h Charge with 0.3  $I_tA$  (420mA) for 4.5 h **Quick Charge** Charge with 0.5  $I_t A$  (700mA) for 132 min Fast Charge: (Under - $\triangle V$  controlled 10mV) 0.1 ItA (140mA)(No longer than 100 h) Max Overcharge Current 42~70mA **Trickle Current Operating Temperature(reference only):** -20°C~+35°C Storage -20°C~+60°C **Discharge:** 0°C~+45°C **Standard Charge** 

Fast Charge



Approved by:

Documented by:

+10℃~+45℃

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| 2.Performance<br>Testing Item                     | Testing Conditions   | Standard  |  |
|---|--|---|--|
|   | If not specially described,<br>Temperature $20^{\circ}C \pm 5^{\circ}C$  |   |  |
| Standard Testing<br>Condition                     | Relative Humidity: 65±20%。<br>Parament measuring instruments:<br>±1% for voltage/current/capacity;<br>±2℃ for temperature;   |   |  |
| (1)Standard                                       | ±0.1% for time。  |   |  |
| Charge  | 0.2 I <sub>t</sub> A discharge to 1.0V,then 0.1 I <sub>t</sub> A charge for 12-14 h(Constant Current)  |   |  |
| (2)Fast Charge                                    | 0.2 I <sub>t</sub> A discharge to 1.0V,then 0.5 I <sub>t</sub> A charge for 132 min(Under - $\triangle$ V controlled 10mV)   |   |  |
| (3)Open Circuit<br>Voltage                        | Test within 14 days after standard charge  | ≥1.25V  |  |
| (4)Nominal<br>Capacity                            | Have 1-4 hours of rest after standard charge,<br>Then 0.2 $I_tA$ ischarge to 1.0V 3 cycles permitted   | ≥290 min  |  |
| (5)High Rate<br>Discharging<br>Capacity           | Have 1-4 hours of rest after fast charge, Then 0.5It Adischarge to 1.0V,3 cycles permitted   | ≥108 min  |  |
| (6)Cycle Life                                     | %for IEC61951-2: 2003(7.4.1.1)   | $\geq$ 500 th cycle   |  |
| (7)Overcharge                                     | After(4) testing, The cell shall be charge ,in an ambient temperature of $20 \degree C \pm 5 \degree C$ , at a constant current of 0.1 I <sub>t</sub> A for 48h,After this charging operation ,the cell shall be stored , in an ambient temperature of $20\degree C \pm 5\degree C$ , for not less then 1 h and not more then 4 h.<br>The cell shall then be discharge ,at $20\degree C \pm 5\degree C$ at a constant current of 0.2 I <sub>t</sub> A to a final votage of 1.0V. | ≥300 min.   |  |
| (8)Over-Discharge<br>Safety device operation      | The cell shall undergo aforced discharge in an ambient temperature 20 °C $\pm$ 5 °C ,at a constant current of 0.2 I <sub>t</sub> A, to a final volatge of 0V.<br>The current shall then be increased to 1.0 I <sub>t</sub> A and the forced discharge continued in the same ambient temperature of 20°C $\pm$ 5°C, for 60min.  | The cell shall not<br>disrupt or burst,<br>Leakage of<br>electrolyte and<br>deformation of the<br>cell are acceptable |  |
| (9)Temperature                                    | <ul> <li>Fast charged as (2) under 20±5℃, stored 3 hours, under following temperatures, then 0.5 ItA discharge to 1.0V:</li> <li>a) Discharging Temperature: 0℃</li> <li>b)Discharging Temperature: 20℃</li> <li>c)Discharging Temperature: 40℃</li> </ul>   | Discharging Time<br>90 min<br>100 min<br>90 min   |  |
| (10)Charge(capacity)<br>retention(Self-discharge) | After standard charge, stored for 28 days under 20 $\pm5^\circ\!\!\!C$ ,then 0.2 $\rmI_tA$ discharged to 1.0V  | Discharging Time<br>≥210 min  |  |
| (11)Storage                                       | Standard Charged as (1) condition and stored<br>for 12 months under $20^{\circ}C \pm 5^{\circ}C$ , then tested as (4)<br>condition   | Discharging Time≥<br>240min   |  |

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| (12)Mechanical test :<br>bump test | 1)The battery shall be subjected to drop from the height of 1 m to an oak board more than 1 cm thick, the test should be carried for 3 times at each direction of the battery axis.   | Battery maintain<br>electrical performa-<br>nce, allowing a me-<br>chanical deformation<br>or injury |
|------------------------------------|---|--|
|                                    | 2) The ability of the cell to withstand mechanical<br>Shock shall be checjed by means of bump test<br>carried out in accordance with IEC 60068-2-29.<br>After standard charge, The bump test shall be<br>chenged carried out in an ambient temperature of<br>$20\pm5^{\circ}$ C, under the following conditions:<br>-peak acceleration(A) 98m/s <sup>2</sup> (10gn)<br>-corresponding duration to pulse(D) 16ms<br>-corresponding velocity charge 1,00ms<br>-number of bumps 1000 $\pm$ 10<br>When the bump test has been completed,each cell<br>shall be stored for not less then 1 h and mot more<br>then 4 h in an ambient temperature of $20^{\circ}$ C $\pm$ 5 °C,It<br>shall then be discharge in the same ambient<br>temperature with a constant current of 0.2 I <sub>t</sub> A to a<br>final volatge of 1.0V | ≥300 min.  |

## 3. Note:

- 1).Do not dispose of cell into fire or be dismantled under any condition.
- 2).Do not mix different cell types and capacities in the same battery assembly.
- 3).Charge and discharge under specified ambient temperature recommended to specification.
- 4). Short circuit leading to cell venting must be avoided .
- 5).Never solder onto cell directly.
- 6).Cell reversal should be avoided.

7).Use batteries in extreme condition may affect the service life, such as:extreme temperature, deep cycle,extreme overhcarge and over discharge.

8).Batteries should be stored in a cool dry place.

9). Once problems be found, stop using, send batteries to local dealer.

4,Storage

1).It is strongly recommended to store Ni-MH batteries and cells in the temperature range from -20to  $25^{\circ}$  and in low humidity and no corrosive gas environment, to maintain a reasonably high capacity recovery level.

2). Avoid storage higher (e.g.35 °C ), lower temperature than −20 °C , or higher humidity which would result in deterioration or damage to the cells and batteries such as follows:

5, Permanent capacity loss

Electrolyte leakage resulted from the expansion or shrinkage of organic material inside the cells 6, Rust of metal parts.

7. Up to three full cycles of charge /discharge after long-termed storage may need to obtain highest

capacity.

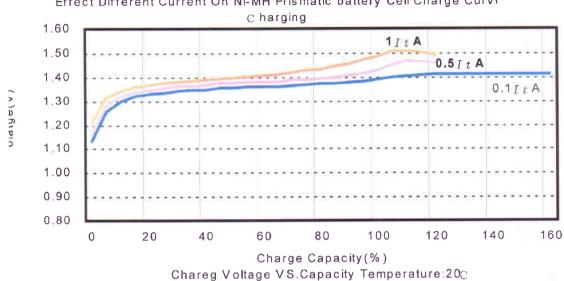
8.Quality assurance period:12 months.

| XIEC61951-2: | 2003(7.4.1.1 | ) Endurance in cycles |
|--------------|--------------|-----------------------|
|--------------|--------------|-----------------------|

| Cycle<br>number | Charge                                    | Stand in charged condition | Discharge                              |
|-----------------|---|----------------------------|--|
| 1               | 0.1 I <sub>t</sub> A (140mA) for 16h      | none                       | 0.25 $I_t A$ (350 mA) for 2 h 20 min   |
| 2-48            | 0.25 $\rm \ I_t$ A (350 mA) for 3h 10 min | none                       | 0.25 $I_t A$ (350 mA) for 2 h 20 min   |
| 49              | 0.25 $\rm I_t$ A (350 mA) for 3h 10 min   | none                       | 0.25 $I_t A$ (350 mA) to 1.0 V         |
| 50              | 0.1 I <sub>t</sub> A (140 mA) for 16h     | 1 h to 4 h                 | 0.2 I <sub>t</sub> A (280 mA) to 1.0 V |

Cycle 1 to 50 shall be repeated until the discharge duration on any 50th cycle becomes Less than 3 h. At this stage, a repeat capacity measurement as specified for cycle 50 shall be carried out.

The endurance test is considered complete when two such successive capacity cycle gives a discharge duration of less than 3 h. The total number of cycles obtained when the test is completed shall be not less than 500.



Effect Different Current On Ni-MH Prismatic battery Cell Charge Curve

